

Tour
Information



A Greek Mezze





Passports

Please ensure your 10-year British Passport is not out of date and is valid for a full six months beyond the duration of your visit. The name on your passport must match the name on your flight ticket/E-ticket otherwise you may be refused boarding at the airport.

Visas

Visas are not required for Greece for citizens of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. For all other passport holders please check the visa requirements with the appropriate embassy.

Greek Consulate: 1A Holland Park, London W11 3TP. Tel: 020 7221 6467



Tickets

Included with this documentation is an e-ticket which includes a reference number for your flight. At check-in you will need to quote/show this and you will be issued with your boarding pass. **Online check-in is not available**

Please check that the details on your documentation are accurate and that all names are spelt correctly and match the names on your passport. Your flight ticket is non-transferable and non-refundable. No refund can be given for non-used portions.



Baggage Allowance

We advise that you stick to the baggage allowances advised. If your luggage is found to be heavier than the airlines baggage allowances the charges at the airport will be hefty.

With British Airways your ticket includes one hold bag of up to 23kg plus one cabin bag no bigger than 56 x 45 x 25cm including handles, pockets and wheels, and one personal bag, such as a handbag or computer bag.

For more information please visit www.britishairways.com

Labels

Please use the luggage labels provided. It is useful to have your home address located inside your suitcase should the label go astray.

Departure Tax

UK Flight Taxes are included in the price of your holiday.

Transfers

On arrival at Athens Airport please collect your luggage and exit the luggage area and proceed until you are in the arrival's hall. You will find your Tour Manager situated in arrivals, holding a Travel Editions sign. The journey time to your hotel is approximately two and a half hours.

Special Requests

If you haven't already done so, please notify Travel Editions of any special requests as soon as possible to allow sufficient time to make the necessary arrangements.



Accommodation

Alexakis Hotel, Loutra Ypatis

This comfortable, family-run hotel is situated in the spa town of Loutra Ypatis. Bedrooms are comfortable, and have a shower, air-conditioning, TV, telephone, fridge, safe, hairdryer and wi-fi.

For more information visit the hotel website; <http://hotelaalexakis.gr/en/>

Likoria Hotel, Arachova

The family-run Likoria Hotel is an attractive, traditionally designed hotel situated on the edge of Arachova. Comfortably furnished with dark wood and warm colours; the comfortable bedrooms, with private bathrooms, are equipped with TV, fridge, hairdryer air-conditioning/heating. A breakfast buffet is served daily, and the hotel has a cosy lounge bar with a fireplace, where we are sure our guests will enjoy congregating in the evening. Free Wi-Fi access is available throughout the hotel. The hotel also offers the facilities of a sauna, steam and massage room. Tavernas and other facilities are situated within an easy 5-minute walk from the hotel.

For more information visit the hotel website; www.likoria.gr

Dining

The standard of food in Greece is excellent and offers a remarkable variety of freshly prepared and very tasty dishes, many of which use locally grown products and locally produced olive oil.

When eating out the Greeks nearly always eat 'Mezedes' style. This means ordering several dishes, starters and/or main plates, whatever takes your fancy, to put in the middle of the table for all to share. It's a very sociable way to eat and

a great way of tasting lots of different dishes! Don't be shy in the amount you order, or if you only find yourselves ordering starters – any combination is acceptable. In Arachova, taverna's will often offer two or three 'dishes of the day' as well as offering other dishes such as grilled meat, salads and various starters.

When ordering fish in Greece you will find the price on the menu usually relates to a cost per kilo. Don't be put off by this. You are expected to choose the fish and then it will be weighed in front of you so you know what you will pay.

Nearly all tavernas sell their own 'open' wine, known as village wine. It can be something of an acquired taste, but it goes very well with the local food. The white is usually always very drinkable, but the red varies quite a lot. If you are unsure you can always ask if you can try the wine before you agree to it. Prices of local 'village' wine are usually around 5 euros per half litre.

Local drinks are ouzo, tsipoura, metaxa and, of course, Greek wine. Tsipoura is the local firewater! This is distilled from the residue of the grapes after making wine.

In Arachova you can find a good choice of tavernas situated within easy walking distance of the hotel. There is also a small supermarket situated just 2 minutes from the hotel.

Meals included in your holiday

Breakfast daily
Welcome dinner
Three lunches



Destination

Loutra Ypatis

Loutra Ypatis, built at the foot of the northern slopes of Mount Oiti is a small and pretty village popular predominantly amongst Greeks due to its thermal waters. These waters prompted the village to build a swimming pool that is fed by the naturally heated thermal waters. The pool is emptied and refilled daily with the thermal waters. If you wish to use the pool during your stay in Ypatis, don't forget to pack your swimming costume.

Mount Oiti

Mount Oiti, known as the 'mountain of flowers' is associated with the legendary hero Hercules. According to mythology, at a position known as "Hercules' Pyre", Hercules fell into the flames to relieve himself from the unbearable pain caused by the robe poisoned with the blood of the Centaur Nessus, which his wife Deianeira had sent him to wear. Philoctetes lit the pyre to burn Hercules, who in turn thanked him by giving him his bow and arrows. According to the myth, Zeus wrapped Hercules in the clouds and raised him to Olympus, where he married the beautiful Hebe, the Goddess of Youth. Hercules aside, Oiti is a mountain of unique beauty, with vast fir forests, rare as well as impressive plant species, rich fauna and abundant waters, which mostly flow abruptly through steep and beautiful gorges. It is the fifth highest mountain in Central Greece, located in the boundaries of the Prefectures of Pthiotis and Phocis, and its highest peak is Pyrgos (2.152 m). The Management Body of Mt Oiti National Park was established in order to provide the protection and the management of the Mt Oiti area.

For more information about Mount Oiti, visit: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mount_Oeta

Places of interest included in the tour:

Karpenisi

Karpenisi is a town in central Greece. It is the capital of the regional unit of Evrytania. Karpenisi is situated in the valley of the river Karpenisiotis, a tributary of the Megdovas, in the southern part of the Pindus Mountains. Mount Tymfristos (2,315 m) lies directly to the north of the town, and the

foothills of mount Kaliakouda are in the south. Karpenisi has a ski resort and is a popular destination, especially during winter. It is called Switzerland of Greece for the resemblance of the mountainous country its beauty and its clean air, atypical for a Mediterranean place.

For more information about Karpenisi, visit: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Karpenisi>

Megalo Chorio

Near Mikro Chorio and between the hillsides of Kaliakouda, you will find Megalo Chorio. This village is famous for its stone houses, the narrow alleys, the smoking chimneys and the discreet touristic development that has not altered its picturesque character. Just outside the village there is a road that leads up to the mountain and in the canyon of "Pantavrechei" (the name means 'raining constantly'). In the historic location of Lakomata the Greek army was defeated by the Turks on the 23 of August 1823 after more than 150 men were killed. This win allowed the invaders to reach and conquer Messolonghi.

For more information about Megalo Chorio, visit: http://www.wondergreece.gr/v1/en/Regions/Evritania/Prefecture/About_region/Main_cities_villages/10385-Megalo_Chorio

Meteora

Meteora is a rock formation in central Greece hosting one of the largest and most precipitously built complexes of Eastern Orthodox monasteries, second in importance only to Mount Athos. The six (of an original twenty-four) monasteries that remain in existence today are built on immense natural pillars and hill-like rounded boulders that dominate the local area. Meteora is located near the town of Kalambaka at the northwestern edge of the Plain of Thessaly near the Pineios river and Pindus Mountains. The exact date of the establishment of the monasteries is unknown. By the late 11th and early 12th centuries, a rudimentary monastic state had formed and by the end of the 12th century, an ascetic community had flocked to Meteora.

For more information about Meteora, visit: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meteora>

Pelion Peninsula

To one side, the Pagasitikos Gulf and, to the other, the Aegean and, in between, a magical mountain by the name of Pelion! The mountain is filled with vegetation from olive and pines to apple and cherry orchards with some of the best hiking trails in Greece. In the winter Pelion provides some of the best skiing in Greece. Water gurgles in the fountains. Sunbeams stream through the leaves of the plane trees, apple trees, oaks, beeches, gardenias, hydrangeas, camellias. Nature flourishes in the fertile soil. In the autumn, a surreal palette of orange and red unfolds before you. Pathways, old churches, beaches with peacock-coloured water all add to this multi-coloured assemblage. Up high, its villages teeter on the edge of the mountain. One weekend is not enough to take it all in. So much beauty inevitably created myths and it is said Centaurs ruled Pelion, led by the wisest of them all, Chiron, who taught medicine and made the snake its symbol, and who initiated both Achilles and Asclepius into his secrets.

For more information about the Pelion Peninsula, visit: <https://www.discovergreece.com/en/mainland/thessaly-sporades/pelion>

Mount Parnassus

Mount Parnassus is a mountain of limestone in central Greece that towers above Delphi, north of the Gulf of Corinth, and offers spectacularly scenic views across vast olive groves and countryside to the Corinthian Gulf. According to Greek mythology, this mountain was sacred to Dionysus and the Dionysian mysteries; it was also sacred to Apollo and the Corycian nymphs, and was the home of the Muses. The mountain was also favored by the Dorians. It is suggested that the name derives from *parnasas*, the possessive adjective of the Luwian word *parna* meaning house, or specifically temple, so the name effectively means the mountain of the house of the god.

For more information about Parnassus, visit: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mount_Parnassus

Arachova

Arachova, built at an altitude of 950m and with a permanent population of approximately 3500 residents, is a very picturesque and traditionally styled town situated high on the slopes of Mount

Parnassus. It is large enough to offer plenty of interest in the way of shops, tavernas and quaint streets for wandering, and small enough to make most places easily accessible on foot and retain a village atmosphere. The views from Arachova, overlooking the Delphi Valley, are spectacular. In the winter the resort is a popular ski resort as well as a cosy winter weekend retreat. Its position, just two hours from Athens, makes it very accessible for Greeks but also, its proximity to the sea, only 30 minutes by car, makes it a popular place in the summer months as a cool retreat from the coastal temperatures.

Many of the shops in Arachova sell local products that are known for their quality and variety and the fact they are still produced using traditional techniques that have been passed down through the generations. Products include the popular feta cheese, olives, olive oil, legumes, pastas, traditional sausages and wine. Arachova also has a characteristic cheese called *formaella*, which is served fried. In addition, the locals produce other types of cheese, such as *myzithra*, *graviera* and *opsimotyri*, a type of strained cheese. The yoghurts and jams are also remarkable, while the area also produces high quality wild-flower honey. Arachova also stands out in its making of elaborate carpets and woven materials. This is a tradition kept by the women of the town from antique times. The carpets have beautiful patterns and the woven textiles have great colours.

The Archaeological Museum of Delphi

The Archaeological Museum of Delphi shelters the extensive artefacts unearthed during excavations at the Delphi oracle and its vicinity. It is located adjacent to the archaeological site, and it is considered one of the top must-see museums in Greece. Its rich collections are comprised primarily of architectural sculpture, statues and minor objects that were donated to the sanctuary. These reflect its religious, political and artistic activities from its early years in the eight century BC to its decline in Late Antiquity. The permanent exhibition focuses on the history of the Delphic sanctuary and oracle, covering the long-time span from prehistory to Late Antiquity. Most of the exhibits were donated to the sanctuary during its period of great prosperity, from Archaic Greek to Roman times.

For more information about Delphi, visit: <https://whc.unesco.org/en/list/393>



The Basics

Climate – The weather in Greece at this time of year is likely to be pleasant, but evenings at visits at altitude may be quite cool and there is the chance of the odd shower. Our best advice is to come prepared. Layers are useful as is a rain jacket and small umbrella.

Time – GMT +3 hours (Summer time Apr-Oct); GMT + 2 (Standard time Nov-Mar). This means, summer or winter, Greece is 2 hours ahead of the UK

Language – Greek

Religion – Greek Orthodox

Currency – Euro. €1 = 100 cents. Notes are in denominations of €500, 200, 100, 50, 20, 10 and 5. Coins are in denominations of €2 and 1, and 50, 20, 10, 5, 2 and 1 cents.

Banks – Cashpoints compatible with international banking networks are located in most towns and cities, as well as airports and other spots. Those banks that still exchange foreign currencies into local money will always charge a transaction fee, so withdrawing money from an ATM usually represents the most logical means of obtaining euros other than bringing euros with you from the UK.

Banks are open Monday to Friday 8am – 2pm. ATM machines can be easily accessed in the town and you can use a UK debit card, using the same pin number you use in the UK, to withdraw cash. The instructions are in English. Just look for signs on ATM's for Delta or Cirrus.

Credit cards– Greece remains very much a cash society so credit cards are not always widely accepted, however, more places are accepting these nowadays but it is best to check first in restaurants and shops that they accept credit cards, if you wish to pay by card. Varying amounts of commission can be charged for credit card payments and you may like to check these with your credit card supplier before travel.

Electricity – 220 volt, two-pin continental plug.

Drinking water – Tap water is safe to drink. Bottled water is readily available to buy in all local shops and very reasonably priced.

Plumbing - Unless there is information to the contrary please do not put toilet paper down the toilet. As you may know this is common practice in Greece due to the narrowness of the waste pipes. Please dispose of the paper in the bins provided, which will be regularly emptied by the hotel.

Telephones/mobiles – You should be able to use your mobile phone in Greece, depending on your operator and contract. If you are calling the UK from a mobile in Greece, you will need to prefix the number with the international dialling code 0044. If you are calling a Greek number from a UK mobile, you should prefix the number with the Greek international dialling code 0030.

Tipping –To keep our tours affordable, we do not increase the tour price by adding in tips. However, in the tourism industry, there is a certain level of expectation that, when receiving a good service, one does award with a tip. Tour Managers, Representatives, Guides and Drivers appreciate a tip at the end of their involvement with the tour, but this is entirely at your discretion. We believe in allowing you to tip according to your level of satisfaction with their services.

Walking shoes – as our days are amongst a variety of terrains, which can be a rocky and uneven underfoot, we recommend that you bring sturdy shoes which have good gripping soles.

Tour manager

Your Tour Manager will be on hand throughout the tour to ensure that everything operates according to plan. If you have any problems or questions, please see him or her immediately and they will do their utmost to resolve any issues.



Health

General Health Advice

We suggest you take a good supply of your own individual medicines with you and always keep some in your hand luggage in case you get delayed or your luggage goes astray. General-purpose supplies for bites, stings, or scratches, and your usual medication for headaches, or stomach upsets are always recommended. Oral re-hydration sachets are excellent for topping up salt and glucose levels.

Visit the NHS Fit for Travel website for more generally information specific to the country you are visiting – www.fitfortravel.nhs.uk

Doctor/Dentist/Chemist

Please talk to your Tour Manager if you are feeling unwell and they will organise for you to see a Doctor if necessary. There is normally a charge of about 80 Euros for calling out a doctor (or more, depending on the distance the doctor must travel) and there is also a charge to visit a Doctor.

Keep any receipts for insurance claims.



Hospital

Your Tour Manager/hotel reception will assist if you need to visit a hospital during your stay.

Keep any receipts for insurance claims.

Inoculations

No compulsory vaccinations are required for travel in Greece.

Pharmacies

Pharmacies throughout Greece are generally well-stocked and have knowledgeable staff who, often, will speak good English. Pharmacists will often be able to give advice and medicine for minor

ailments. Pharmacies are open Monday to Friday but not on Saturdays.



Insurance

European Health Insurance Card (EHIC)

It is essential to carry an EHIC card with you as this will assist you if you are admitted to a hospital in Greece.

The EHIC replaced the old E111 in 2006. Valid in all EEA countries, the card lets you get state healthcare at a reduced cost or sometimes for free. It will cover you for treatment that is needed to allow you to continue your stay until your planned return. It also covers the treatment of pre-existing medical conditions.

Please note that the EHIC **is not** an alternative to travel insurance. It will not cover any private medical healthcare or costs such as being flown back to the UK or lost or stolen property. Therefore, it is important to have both an EHIC and a valid private travel insurance policy. It is also important to note that each country's healthcare system is slightly different, so the EHIC might not cover everything that would be generally free on the NHS.

For more information about the EHIC please visit: <https://www.ehic.org.uk>

Travel Insurance

We strongly recommend that you take out an appropriate travel insurance policy when you travel abroad. If you require medical assistance whilst abroad it is essential that you contact the emergency number of your insurance company to advise them of the situation. You will **NOT** be covered for any claim unless this procedure is carried out. Your insurance company will then decide on the best course of action whilst in resort.



Emergencies

Should an emergency arise, please call our offices on:

00 44 20 7251 0045 (Mon-Fri 0900-1700)

Outside the above hours please telephone our emergency staff on:

00 30 6977 465 892 (Greek resort manager) or

00 44 7899 796542 or

00 44 7831 133079 or

00 44 1235 850720

PLEASE USE THESE NUMBERS ONLY IN THE EVENT OF A GENUINE EMERGENCY.

If you are calling a Greek number from a UK mobile, you should prefix the number with the Greek international dialling code 0030.

If you find that you need consular assistance during your holiday:

British Embassy Athens

1, Ploutarchou str

106 75 Athens

Greece

Tel: +30 210 7272 600

Email: information.athens@fco.gov.uk

Open to the public - by appointment only

Appointments.Athens@fco.gov.uk. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 9am to 1pm.

Telephone enquiries: Monday to Friday, 8am to 3pm

Email: consular.athens@fco.gov.uk

Travel Editions

3 Youngs Buildings, London, EC1V 9DB

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